Tuyển sinh cao học 2008
Ngành Chính sách công (MPP)

TIẾNG ANH
44 câu hỏi
14 trang
Thời gian làm bài 60 phút
FILL IN THE BLANK

Question 1

New evidence _______ that the gains outweigh the losses

A    show
B    shows
C    is shown
D    showed

Question 2

The original story _______ written in Vietnamese.

A    has
B    have
C    was
D    will

Question 3

The afternoon class is _______ because the professor missed his flight.

A    wrong
B    continued
C    opened
D    canceled

Question 4

The difference between Microeconomics and Macroeconomics can be summarized as follows: the _______ looks at each tree in a forest, while the latter studies the forest as a whole.

A    it
B    they
C    former
D    subject
Question 5

According to the plan, Professor Riddle will arrive _______ Tan Son Nhat Airport at noon.

A  on  
B  to  
C  at  
D  in  

Question 6

The Deputy Prime Minister yesterday _______ international donors for their assistance in developing the north-western region of Vietnam.

A  thanks  
B  thanked  
C  thank you  
D  thanking  

Question 7

The economy is _______ to any disruption in the stock market.

A  strong  
B  weak  
C  vulnerable  
D  falling  

CHOOSE THE ANSWER THAT IS CLOSEST IN MEANING TO THE UNDERLINED WORD

Question 8
The accident happened when they were going to school.

A occurred  
B disappeared  
C rose  
D called

Question 9
The supermarket has to change its business strategy to meet the growing need for healthy food.

A employment  
B claim  
C supply  
D demand

Question 10
The company collapsed under the burden of mounting debt.

A soared  
B shut down  
C grew  
D relapsed

Question 11
He won his first victory in a dramatic manner.

A way  
B model  
C design  
D rate
Question 12

Teams race against time to try to save trapped miners.

A   find
B   abandon
C   rescue
D   conserve

Question 13

She wasted a glorious opportunity to win the game.

A   luck
B   example
C   chance
D   reason

Question 14

In a well functioning market where supply and demand are balanced, prices should be stable.

A   different
B   equal
C   unchanged
D   stable

Question 15

Nobody in the organization knows who should run its next program.

A   manage
B   go
C   move
D   close
SELECT THE UNDERLINED WORD OR PHRASE THAT IS NOT CORRECT.

Question 16
We **planned** to spend three **hours** to **worked** out **these** problems.

A planned
B hours
C worked
D these

Question 17
Capital flight is when capital **flows rapidly** out of a country, usually because **something happen** which causes investors suddenly to **lose** confidence in **its economy**.

A flows rapidly
B something happen
C to lose
D its economy

Question 18
Lan is **not only** good at mathematics, **and also** doing well in other classes **such as** history and English.

A not only
B good at
C and also
D such as

Question 19
Vietnam may **find deal** with its trade deficit **trickier** than it **expects**.

A find
B deal
C trickier
D expects
Question 20

He told the real estate agent that he was not interesting in buying the newly renovated house.

A told
B interesting
C buying
D renovated

Question 21

One of the main worries about free trade are its effect on the competitiveness of local firms.

A worries
B about
C are
D effect

Question 22

If I was him, I would only talk to the Dean after having consulted with the class.

A was
B would only talk
C having consulted
D with

Question 23

Should the company goes into trouble, its competitors would jump in and try to take it over.

A should
B goes into
C jump in
D take it over
READING COMPREHENSION

This part includes 7 different passages and 21 questions (from questions 24 to 44). Answer the questions by referring to the related passage.

PASSAGE 1

Continue Highway 51 for two kilometers and then turn right onto Road 25B. Follow Road 25B until you pass a large lake on your right. At the next intersection, turn left onto Tan An Street. Binh’s house is the fifth house on your right. It has three floors and a front garden.

Question 24

Where is Binh’s house?

A Highway 51
B Road 25B
C Tan An Street
D Garden Street

Question 25

Which is closest to Binh’s house?

A Highway 51
B Road 25B
C The lake
D The intersection

Question 26

The word It in the passage refers to

A the intersection
B Tan An Street
C Binh’s house
D the front garden
PASSAGE 2

A society is a group of people who form a semi-closed system. At its simplest, the term society refers to a small group of people sharing their own culture and **institutions**. A society, then, is a network of relationships between people. The English word society is derived from the French société, which, in turn, had its origin in the Latin societas, a “friendly association with others,” from socius meaning "companion, associate, comrade or business partner." Thus, the meaning of society is closely related to what is considered to be social.

**Question 27**

What does the word **institutions** in the second line of the passage mean?

A  Organizations  
B  Families  
C  Friends  
D  Companies

**Question 28**

It can be inferred from the passage that the modern English word society is directly derived from

A  English  
B  French  
C  Latin  
D  Spanish

**Question 29**

What is the passage about?

A  The way that a society is formed  
B  The meaning and origin of the word society  
C  Societies in France and Italy  
D  Social networks
PASSAGE 3

The earliest economic activities centered around gathering food and hunting animals. This continued until an agricultural revolution occurred. Through a gradual process of thousands of years, people eventually domesticated wild plants and animals. Humans could now have a reliable supply of food which in turn improved people’s lives and provided leisure time.

Question 30

Which of the following activities is NOT mentioned in the passage as an earliest economic activity?

A  Hunting animals  
B  Picking fruits  
C  Collecting nuts  
D  Raising cattle

Question 31

After the agricultural revolution, humans could have a reliable supply of food because

A  they could grow plants domestically  
B  they could use their leisure time to hunt  
C  their lives have improved gradually  
D  their homes are separated from wild animals

Question 32

The word eventually in the passage is closest in meaning to

A  eventful  
B  finally  
C  evenly  
D  mutually
PASSAGE 4

After oil, coffee is arguably the second most important commodity as it constitutes an important source of foreign income for many developing countries. Coffee, like any other agricultural product, is a cyclical crop. When the supply of coffee is large, the world price of coffee falls. Many farmers then go out of business, or they switch from coffee to other crops. Consequently, the world supply of coffee falls, and so prices rise again. Once again, it becomes financially worthwhile for farmers to produce coffee instead of those other crops.

Question 33

According to the passage, what is the most important commodity?

A Oil
B Coffee
C Rice
D Foreign income

Question 34

Coffee is a cyclical crop because

A it is not financially worthwhile for farmers to grow it
B other similar crops are cyclical
C the world price of coffee tends to fluctuate
D the world price of coffee keeps falling

Question 35

The world coffee price falls because

A a lot of coffee farmers go out of business
B a lot of farmers switch from other crops to coffee
C coffee is an important source of foreign income
D a lot of people stop drinking coffee
PASSAGE 5

The Ministry of Construction last month confirmed that foreigners in Vietnam would be allowed to buy apartments and own them for 70 years. This proposal will be brought up for consideration and voted on at the mid-year session of the National Assembly. Most members of the National Assembly’s Standing Committee have approved of this new regulation. However, many members questioned why the regulation made provisions for apartments but not houses and land. Minister of Construction Nguyen Hong Quan said possessing houses and land involved land use rights. “The current land law does not grant foreigners the same land use rights as Vietnamese,” he said.

Question 36

According a new regulation, foreigners in Vietnam will be allowed to buy

A only apartments
B only houses
C only apartments and houses
D apartments, houses, and land

Question 37

According to the passage, the new regulation

A has come into effect
B has been approved by the National Assembly
C will not be approved by the National Assembly
D will be debated by the National Assembly

Question 38

It can be inferred from the passage that

A the current land law does not have any provision for land use rights
B owning an apartment does not involve land use rights
C members of the National Assembly wanted to change the land law
D foreigners do not want to own houses or land
The appearance of Hanoi’s streets and buildings has changed a lot over the past 1,000 years. Although Hanoi is now a modern city, some features of the old French colonial style remain. History books say that during the Ly Dynasty (1010-1225), Hanoi’s streets surrounded the ancient citadel. In the Le Dynasty in the early 16th century, the old town area became a center of production and trade of Thang Long imperial city (now Hanoi) with 36 streets and wards. Each ward was a trade village. During the French colonial period in the 19th century, the ruling government made major changes to the structure of the city. The streets were widened, paved and fitted with lights and drainage. Houses along the streets had their floors and roofs tiled in the European style. The traditional trade villages now longer exist, but most of the European architectural features remain intact.

**Question 39**

According to the passage, when was French architecture brought to Vietnam?

A  The twelfth century  
B  The sixteenth century  
C  The eighteenth century  
D  The nineteenth century

**Question 40**

What does the passage say about the streets and houses in Hanoi?

A  They have not changed much even though a thousand years have past.  
B  They are beautiful and very modern.  
C  They have changed a lot but still retain some features of French architecture.  
D  They have changed a lot but still retain some features of the old trade villages.

**Question 41**

The word *intact* in the passage is closest in meaning to

A  beautiful  
B  simple  
C  unchanged  
D  quiet
PASSAGE 7

Geothermal energy is natural heat from the interior of the Earth that is converted to heat buildings and generate electricity. The idea of harnessing the Earth’s heat is not new. As early as 1904, geothermal power was used in Italy. Today, geothermal energy is being used to generate electricity in 21 countries, including Russia, Japan, New Zealand, Iceland, Mexico, Ethiopia, Guatemala, El Salvador, the Philippines, and the United States. Total worldwide production is almost 9,000 MW, which is double the amount in 1980. Some 40 million people today receive their electricity from geothermal energy at a cost competitive to that of other energy sources. However, at the global level, geothermal energy supplies less than 0.15% of the total energy supply.

Question 42

What is true about geothermal energy production worldwide?

A  Because it is a new idea, very few countries are developing geothermal energy sources.
B  Only large countries are using geothermal energy.
C  Until the cost of geothermal energy becomes competitive, it will not be used globally.
D  Geothermal energy is already being used in a number of countries, but it not yet a major source of energy.

Question 43

The word almost in the passage is closest in meaning to

A  hardly
B  above
C  nearly
D  briefly

Question 44

The word that in the passage refers to

A  electricity
B  cost
C  energy
D  people

END OF THE ENGLISH EXAM